



WEB COPY

BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT
DATED: 11.12.2015

CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE P.R.SHIVAKUMAR
and
THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE V.S.RAVI

H.C.P(MD)No.1368 of 2015

P.Paramasivam : Petitioner

Vs.

1.The District Collector cum District Magistrate,
Thoothukudi District, Thoothukudi.

2.The State, rep by
The Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Secretariat, Chennai 600 009.

3.The Inspector of Police,
Kovilpatti East Police Station,
Kovilpatti, Thoothukudi District.

: Respondents

PRAYER: Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India to call for the records in H.S.[M].Confdl.No.64 of 2015, dated 16.08.2015 and issue a Writ, order or direction more particularly, in the nature of Writ of Habeas Corpus or any other order or direction and set aside the same and direct the respondents herein to produce the detenu - Ponmuthupandi, aged 24 years, S/o.Paramasivam, who has been termed as "Goonda", now confined in Central Prison, Palayamkottai, before this Court and set the detenu at liberty.

For Petitioner : Mr.P.Rajkumar

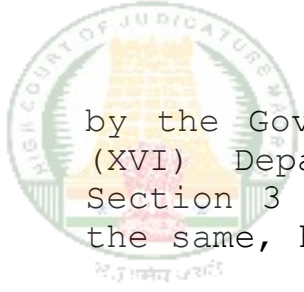
For Respondents : Mr.A.Ramar

Additional Public Prosecutor.

O R D E R

[Order of the Court was made by **V.S.RAVI, J.**]

The petitioner is the father of the detenu - Ponmuthupandi, aged 24 years, S/o.Paramasivam. He has been detained, as per the order of the first respondent, dated 16.08.2015, under Section 2 (f) of the Tamil Nadu Prevention of Dangerous Activities of Bootleggers, Drug-offenders, Forest-offenders, Goondas, Immoral Traffic Offenders, Sand Offenders, Slum-grabbers and Video Pirates Act, 1982, (Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982), read with the order issued



by the Government in G.O.(D).No.171, Home Prohibition and Excise (XVI) Department, dated 18.07.2015, under Sub-Section (2) of Section 3 of the said Act, branding him as "Goonda". Challenging the same, he has come up with this Habeas Corpus Petition.

2. We have heard the learned counsel for the petitioner and the learned Additional Public Prosecutor for the respondents. We have also perused the records carefully.

3. Though several grounds have been raised in the Habeas Corpus Petition, the learned counsel for the petitioner would mainly focus his argument on the ground that there is violation of procedural safeguards, which are guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India. The learned counsel would submit that the representation made by the petitioner was not considered on time and there was an inordinate and unexplained delay. The learned counsel has relied on few Judgments of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. Based on the same, the learned counsel would plead for setting aside the detention order.

4. The learned Additional Public Prosecutor would, however, oppose this Habeas Corpus Petition. He would submit that though there was delay in considering the representation, on that score, the impugned detention order need not be interfered with, as, on account of the said delay, no prejudice has been caused to the detenu and thus, there is no violation of the fundamental rights guaranteed under Articles 21 and 22 of the Constitution of India.

5. We have considered the above submissions.

6. In this case, the Detention Order has been passed on 16.08.2015. As against the same, the petitioner made a representation dated 24.08.2015, as per the details mentioned in ground (e) of the affidavit of the present petition. For the said representation, a reply in Government Lr.No.18864/Home, P&E/Xii/15, dated 15.10.2015, has been sent to the petitioner by the second respondent, as per the counter affidavit filed by the first respondent. Hence, as per the delay calculation memo filed by the petitioner, there is a delay of 34 working days, in considering the said representation by the Government. It is the contention of the petitioner that the said unexplained delay of 34 working days in considering the said representation would vitiate the order of detention.

7. Now, the question is as to whether on that score, the impugned order can be quashed.

8. In **Rekha Vs. State of Tamil Nadu**, [2011 (5) SCC 244], the Hon'ble Supreme Court has held that the right to life and liberty of a person is protected, under Article 21 of the Constitution of India. The Hon'ble Supreme Court has further held



that the procedural safeguards are required to be zealously watched and enforced by the Courts of law and their rigour cannot be allowed to be diluted on the basis of the nature of the alleged activities of the detenu.

9. In **Sumaiya Vs. The Secretary to Government, [2007 (2) MWN (Cr.) 145]**, a Division Bench of this Court has held that the unexplained delay of three days in disposal of the representation made on behalf of the detenu would be sufficient to set aside the detention order.

10. In **Tara Chand Vs. State of Rajasthan and others, [1980 (2) SCC 321]**, the Hon'ble Supreme Court has held that any inordinate and unexplained delay on the part of the Government in considering the representation renders the detention illegal. This dictum has been followed in several Judgments consistently by the Hon'ble Supreme Court as well as this Court.

11. Applying the said dictum laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court, if we look into the facts of the present case, undoubtedly, there is an inordinate and unexplained delay of 34 working days and therefore, the impugned detention order is liable to be quashed.

12. In the result, this Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed and this Court sets aside the Order of Detention dated 16.08.2015, made in H.S.[M].Confdl.No.64 of 2015, passed by the first respondent and directs the release of the detenu, by name Ponmuthupandi, aged 24 years, S/o.Paramasivam, forthwith, if his continued custody is not authorised in specific cases or by any other detention order.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar(CO)

/True copy/

Sub Assistant Registrar(CS)

Madurai Bench of Madras High Court,
Madurai

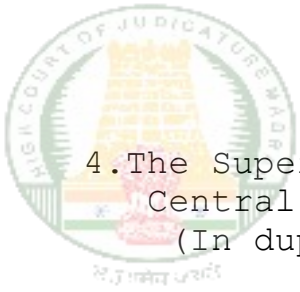
NB

To

1.The District Collector cum District Magistrate,
Thoothukudi District, Thoothukudi.

2.The Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Secretariat, Chennai 600 009.

3.The Inspector of Police,
Kovilpatti East Police Station,
Kovilpatti, Thoothukudi District.



4.The Superintendent,
Central Prison, Palayamkottai.
(In duplicate to communicate the detenu)

5.The Joint Secretary to Government of Tamil Nadu,
Public (Law & Order) Department,
Fort St.,George, Chennai-9

6.The Additional Public Prosecutor,
Madurai Bench of Madras High Court,
Madurai.

+1 cc to Mr.P.Rajkumar, Advocate, SR No. 71760

ORDER MADE IN
H.C.P (MD) No.1368 of 2015
Dated: 11.12.2015

RG.JGB-DP/SAR-I 16.12.2015 4P:9C