



BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT
(Criminal Jurisdiction)

Thursday, the Fifth day of February Two Thousand Fifteen

PRESENT

The Hon`ble Mr Justice P.N.PRAKASH

CRL OP(MD) No.2007 of 2015

V. RAMAR

... PETITIONER / ACCUSED NO.2

Vs

THE STATE REP.BY

THE INSPECTOR OF POLICE

DINDIGUL SOUTH POLICE STATION, DINDIGUL

CRIME NO.100/2015

... RESPONDENT / COMPLAINANT

For Petitioner : M/S.JACOB AND JACOB ASSOCIATES Advocate

For Respondent : MR.A.P.BALASUBRAMANIAN, Govt. Advocate (Crl. Side)

PETITION FOR ANTICIPATORY BAIL Under Sec. 438 Cr.P.C.

ORDER : The Court Made the following order :-

Apprehending arrest at the hands of the respondent police for the alleged offences punishable under Section 379 IPC in Crime No.100 of 2015 on the file of the respondent police, the petitioner has come forward with this petition seeking anticipatory bail.

2.The case of the prosecution is that this petitioner along with A1 had snatched the chain of the de facto complainant. A1 has been arrested and on the confession statement of A1, this petitioner is being implicated.

3.Learned Government Advocate (Criminal Side) Submits that there is no previous case registered against the petitioner.

4.Under such circumstances, I am inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the first petitioner. Accordingly, the petitioner is ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on his appearance, within a period of fifteen (15) days from the date of receipt of a copy of this order, before the learned Judicial Magistrate, Dindigul, on executing a separate bond for a sum of Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand only) with two sureties each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the learned Magistrate concerned and on further condition that,

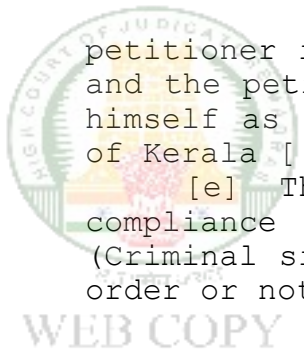
[a] the petitioner shall report before the respondent police twice a day daily at 10:30 a.m., in the morning and 06:30 p.m., in the evening for a period of four weeks and thereafter, as and when required for interrogation;

[b] the petitioner shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial;

[c] the petitioner shall not abscond either during investigation or

<https://hcservices.courts.gov.in/hcservices/>

[d] on breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the



petitioner in accordance with law, as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioner released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in P.K.Shaji vs. State of Kerala [(2005)AIR SCW 5560].

[e] The Inspector of Police concerned is directed to send a compliance report to the Office of the learned Government Advocate (Criminal side), as to whether the first petitioner is complying with the order or not.

sd/-
05/02/2015

/ TRUE COPY /

Sub-Assistant Registrar (C.S.)
Madurai Bench of Madras High Court,
Madurai - 625 023.

TO

- 1.THE JUDICIAL MAGISTRATE,DINDIGUL.
 - 2.DO THRO THE CHIEF JUDICIAL MAGISTRATE, DINDIGUL.
 - 3.THE ADDL. PUBLIC PROSECUTOR,
MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT, MADURAI.
 - 4.THE INSPECTOR OF POLICE
DINDIGUL SOUTH POLICE STATION, DINDIGUL .
- +1. CC to M/S.JACOB AND JACOB ASSOCIATES Advocate SR.No.5391

ORDER
IN
CRL OP(MD) No.2007 of 2015
Date :05/02/2015

RG.06.02.2015

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