

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED 02.09.2015

CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE DR.JUSTICE S.TAMILVANAN
AND

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE C.T.SELVAM

H.C.P.No.1996/2015

Ramamani .. Petitioner/Mother of detenue

Vs

1.State Rep. By
Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Government of Tamil Nadu,
Fort St. George, Chennai - 600 009.

2.The Commissioner of Police,
Chennai Police,
Office of the Commissioner of Police,
(Goondas Section), Vepery
Chennai - 600 007.
Respondents ..

Habeas Corpus Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India praying for the issuance of a writ of Habeas Corpus to call for the records in connection with the detention order passed by the second respondent dated 27.04.2015 in No.352/BCDFGISSSV/2015 against the petitioner's daughter Narmadha W/o.Balaji aged 34 years who is confined in Special Prison for Women, Puzhal and set aside the detention order and direct the respondents to produce her before this Court and set her at liberty.

For Petitioner : Mr.A.Balamurugan
For Respondents : Mr.M.Maharaja
Additional Public Prosecutor

ORDER

(Order of the Court made by S.TAMILVANAN,J.)

Challenge is made to the order of detention passed by the second respondent vide Proceedings in No.352/BCDFGISSSV/2015 dated 27.04.2015, whereby the detenue, by name, Narmadha, W/o.Balaji, aged about 34 years, was ordered to be detained under the provisions of the Tamil Nadu Prevention of Dangerous Activities of Bootleggers, Drug Offenders, Forest Offenders, Goondas, Immoral

Traffic Offenders, Sand Offenders, Slum-grabbers and Video Pirates Act, 1982 (Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982) branding her as a "Goonda".

2. Though many grounds have been raised in the petition, the learned counsel for the petitioner has assailed the impugned detention order only on the ground of non-supply of copy of the bail application in the similar case, referred to in the grounds of detention, for arriving at the subjective satisfaction that there is likelihood of the detinue coming out on bail, which has affected the constitutional right of making an effective and purposeful representation to the authorities concerned, thereby vitiating the detention.

3. Per contra, Mr. M. Maharaja, the learned Additional Public Prosecutor would submit that the impugned detention order has been passed on cogent and sufficient materials and there is no illegality or infirmity in the impugned order of detention. However, he submitted that the copy of the bail application in the similar case, referred to in the grounds of detention was not supplied to the detinue.

4. We have given our careful and anxious consideration to the rival submissions put forward by the learned counsel on either side and thoroughly scanned through the impugned detention order and the entire materials available on record.

5. It is seen from paragraph No. 4 of the Grounds of Detention that in similar case, the accused were released on bail by the learned 5th Metropolitan Magistrate, Egmore in CrI.MP.No.2670/2012 in respect of the case in Crime No.897/2012 for the offences under Sections 420, 406 and 506(ii) IPC on the file of the K4 Anna Nagar Police Station. On a perusal of the Paper Book furnished by the Prosecution, it is seen that it does not contain the copy of the said bail application in similar case and only the respective bail order was furnished to the detinue in page Nos. 239 to 247 [in English version and in Vernacular language] in the Booklet placed before us. The said bail application filed in similar case was the document relied upon by the Detaining Authority to come to a subjective satisfaction that the detinue was likely to be released on bail. Admittedly, such documents have not been supplied to the detinue, as it did not form part of the Paper Book furnished by the Prosecution. Therefore, non supply of the copy of the bail application and other documents in similar case to the detinue would vitiate the impugned detention order.

6. The Honourable Supreme Court in M. Ahammed Kutty Vs. Union of India and another (1990-2-SCC-1) has observed thus:-

"7. Considering the facts in the instant case, the bail application and the bail order were vital materials for consideration. If those were not considered the satisfaction of the detaining authority itself would

have been impaired and if those had been considered, they would be documents relied on by the detaining authority though not specifically mentioned in the annexure to the order of detention and those ought to have formed part of the documents supplied to the detainee with the grounds of detention and without them the grounds themselves could not be said to have been complete. We have, therefore, no alternative but to hold that it amounted to denial of the detainee's right to make an effective representation and that it resulted in violation of Article 22(5) of the Constitution of India rendering the continued detention of the detainee illegal and entitling the detainee to be set at liberty in this case." (Emphasis added)."

7. This Court in *Jarinabegam Vs. State of Tamil Nadu* by Secretary to Government, Prohibition and Exercise Department, Chennai and another (2007-1-MLJ-Crl-18) relying upon the decision of the Honourable Supreme Court cited supra has held that non supply of the copy of the bail application in similar case to the detainee has the effect of vitiating the order of detention.

8. As already analysed by us, in the facts and circumstances of the present case, non-supply of the documents, viz., bail application in similar case, to the detainee has the effect of vitiating the impugned detention order. Further, due to non-supply of such a vital document, the detainee has lost valuable right to make an effective representation to the authorities concerned.

9. In the light of the above said principles laid down by the Honourable Supreme Court and for the reasons stated above, the impugned order of detention is vitiated and the same is liable to be quashed.

10. In the result, this Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed. The impugned detention order is set aside. The detainee is directed to be released forthwith, unless her presence is required in connection with any other case.

Sd/-
Assistant Registrar

True Copy

Sub Assistant Registrar

cse

To

1.The Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Government of Tamil Nadu,
Fort St. George, Chennai - 600 009.

2.The Commissioner of Police,
Chennai Police, Office of the Commissioner of Police,
(Goondas Section), Vepery
Chennai - 600 007.

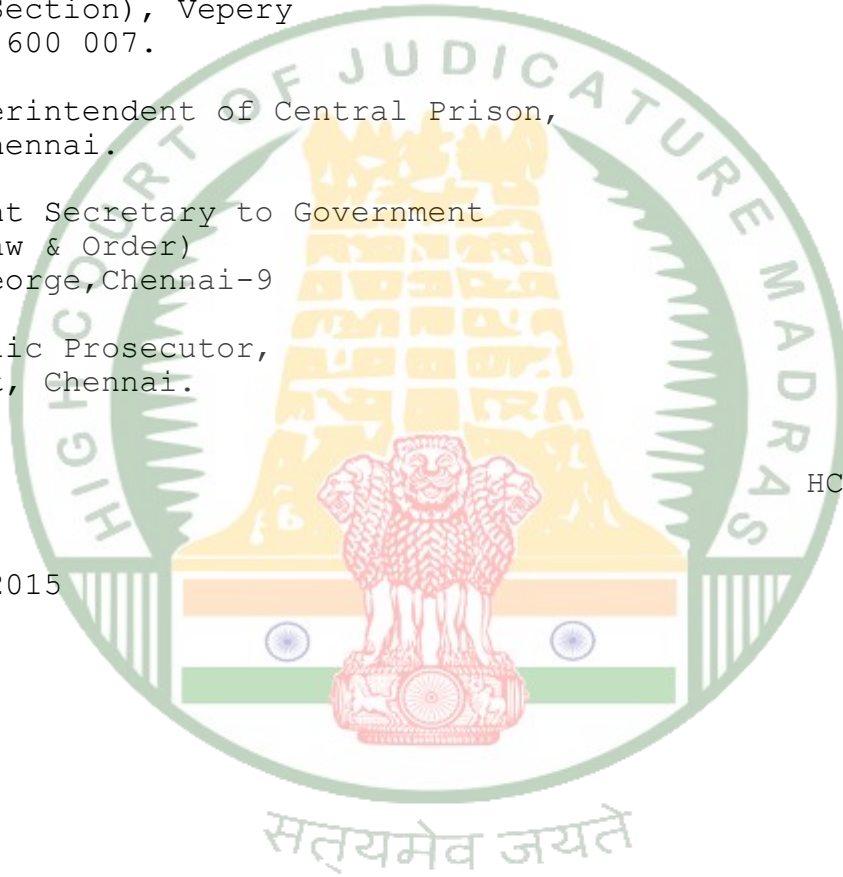
3.The Superintendent of Central Prison,
Puzhal, Chennai.

4.The Joint Secretary to Government
Public (Law & Order)
Fort St.George, Chennai-9

5.The Public Prosecutor,
High Court, Chennai.

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pmk.30.9.2015

HCP.No.1996/2015



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