

IN THE HIGH COURT OF KERALA AT ERNAKULAM

PRESENT:

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE P.R.RAMACHANDRA MENON

TUESDAY, THE 3RD DAY OF MARCH 2015/12TH PHALGUNA, 1936

WP(C).No. 24135 of 2013 (N)

PETITIONER :

**ALI, S/O.KUNJUMHAMMED, AGED 46 YEARS,
THANIKKARAVALLAPPIL HOUSE, POTTUR,
MUTHOOR P.O., VATTAMKULAM VILLAGE, PONNANI TALUK,
MALAPPURAM DISTRICT (OWNER OF JCB MACHINE NO.1856321).**

BY ADV. SRI.P.M.ZIRAJ

RESPONDENT :

**THE DEPUTY THAHASILDAR,
HEAD QUARTERS, OTTAPALAM TALUK,
PALAKKAD DISTRICT-679 101.**

BY SR GOVERNMENT PLEADER SMT. ANITHA RAVINDRAN

**THIS WRIT PETITION (CIVIL) HAVING BEEN FINALLY HEARD
ON 03-03-2015, THE COURT ON THE SAME DAY DELIVERED
THE FOLLOWING:**

sts

WP(C).No. 24135 of 2013 (N)

APPENDIX

PETITIONER(S)' EXHIBITS

**EXHIBIT P1. TRUE COPY OF THE SEIZURE MAHAZAR DATED 27/9/2013 PREPARED
BY THE RESPONDENT**

**EXHIBIT P2. THE TRUE COPY OF THE INTERIM ORDER OF THIS HONOURABLE
COURT DATED 23/7/2013 IN WPC NO.18247/2013.**

RESPONDENT(S)' EXHIBITS: NIL

/TRUE COPY/

P.A.TO JUDGE

sts

P.R. RAMACHANDRA MENON J.

W.P.(C) No.24135 of 2013

Dated, this the 3rd day of March, 2015

JUDGMENT

The vehicle bearing No. **1856321** was seized by the **respondent** alleging offence under the Mines and Mineral (Development and Regulation) Act and the Kerala Minor Mineral Concession Rules. The main ground of challenge is that, the respondent is not having the jurisdiction or authority to effect seizure.

2. Heard both the sides.

3. The authority of the respondent to effect seizure has already been considered by this Court and the power and competence has been upheld as per the decision reported in **Aloshias C. Antony Vs. Government of Kerala** [2014(1) KLT 536]. The said decision was rendered, also taking note of the nature of offence which is a 'cognizable' one (notwithstanding anything contained in the Cr.P.C) as stipulated in Section 21(6) of MMDR Act, 1957 and also placing reliance on the judgment

rendered by a Division Bench of this Court in **Construction Materials Movers Association V. State of Kerala** [2008 (4) KLT 909]. In the said circumstance, there is no tenable ground to call for interference.

4. When the matter came up for consideration on **3.10.2013**, the vehicle was caused to be released, **on satisfaction of a sum Rs.25,000/-** and **on execution of a simple bond**. In the said circumstance, the further course of action required is to surrender the vehicle before the respondent, so as to enable the respondent to produce it before the concerned Magistrate having jurisdiction over the area and to proceed with steps for prosecution, unless the offence is sought to be compounded.

5. The petitioner expresses desire to compound the offence by virtue of the enabling provisions under the relevant provisions of law. This Court finds it fit and proper to permit the petitioner to have the offence compounded on satisfying the compounding fee of Rs.25,000/-. The amount ordered to be paid as per the interim order dated **3.10.2013** shall be treated as compounding

fee and offence shall be treated as compounded. Once the offence is compounded, no prosecution proceedings will lie in view of the law declared by this Court in **Digil Vs. Sub Inspector of Police** [2013(1) KLT 600]. It shall be reported to the concerned Magistrate, if the crime has already been reported. If there is any failure in satisfying the compounding fee, the respondent shall pursue further steps in connection with the prosecution before the concerned Magistrate having jurisdiction over the area.

The writ petition is disposed of.

Sd/-

**P. R. RAMACHANDRA MENON,
JUDGE**

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