

IN THE HIGH COURT OF KERALA AT ERNAKULAM

PRESENT:

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE P.R.RAMACHANDRA MENON

WEDNESDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF APRIL 2015/18TH CHAITHRA, 1937

WP(C).No. 11214 of 2015 (B)

PETITIONER :

**PRAKASAN,S/O.VASU, AGED 40 YEARS,
KANDALAYIL, KAPPOOR VILLAGE, KAPPOOR.P.O.,
OTTAPALAM TALUK, PALAKKAD DISTRICT
(OWNER OF LORRIES BEARING REGISTRATION NO.KL-52-A-1243,
KL-41-A-4611, KL-55-4520 AND A JCB BEARING REGISTRATION
NO.KL-54-D-7275).**

BY ADV. SRI.P.M.ZIRAJ

RESPONDENT :

**THE SUB INSPECTOR OF POLICE,
CHALISSERY POLICE STATION,
PALAKKAD DISTRICT-678 702**

BY SR GOVERNMENT PLEADER SRI.K.C.VINCENT

**THIS WRIT PETITION (CIVIL) HAVING COME UP FOR ADMISSION
ON 08-04-2015, THE COURT ON THE SAME DAY DELIVERED THE
FOLLOWING:**

sts

WP(C).NO.11214/2015

APPENDIX

PETITIONER'S EXHIBITS:

P1 COPY OF THE MAHAZAR DATED 2/4/2015 PREPARED BY THE RESPONDENT.

RESPONDENT'S EXHIBITS:

NIL

/TRUE COPY/

P.A.TO JUDGE

sts

P.R.RAMACHANDRA MENON, J.

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W.P.(C) No.11214 of 2015

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Dated this the 8th day of April, 2015

JUDGMENT

Petitioner is the owner of the vehicles bearing Reg. Nos.

**KL-52-A-1243, KL-41-A-4611, KL-55-4520 and
KL-54-D-7275**, which were seized by the respondent alleging
illegal transportation of 'Ordinary earth' in contravention of the
relevant provisions of the 'MMDR Act, 1957'/'KMMC Rules'. The
learned counsel for the petitioner submits that the petitioner would
like to have the offence compounded and that the above
mentioned vehicle might be caused to be released after accepting
the compounding fee.

2. Heard the learned Government Pleader as well, who
submits that, no valid supporting document was there and that the
offence involved is under the MMDR Act/ KMMC Rules. No offence
under the Kerala Conservation of Paddy Land and Wet Land Act,
2008 or 'Sand Act' is stated as involved.

3. Section 23A of the 'MMDR Act' and the relevant rule under the 'KMMC Rules' enable the party to have the offence compounded. The question whether prosecution proceedings could be pursued further, once the offence is compounded in accordance with the relevant provisions of the MMDR Act/Rules has already been considered and decided by this Court in **2013 (1) KLT 600 (Digil v. Sub Inspector of Police)**, holding that, once the offence is compounded, there cannot be any further prosecution proceedings. The directions given as per the above verdict are extracted below :

"i) In cases where compounding applications have been acted upon as per the interim orders passed by this Court and the offences have been compounded and compounding fees have been collected and vehicles have been released, it is declared that no further proceedings can be taken for confiscation of the vehicles;

ii) In cases where complaints have been filed before the Court but compounding applications have been entertained and offences have been compounded, appropriate applications will be filed before the Courts and the concerned Courts will pass appropriate orders in the matter with regard to the closure of the cases pending;

iii) In cases where compounding applications are yet to be filed by the parties concerned, it is open to them to file applications which will be dealt with by the officer concerned in accordance with law

and they will be free to pass appropriate orders on it. If no applications are filed within a period of three weeks from today and if compounding is not being allowed, it is open to the concerned officers to complete the procedures as enjoined by law."

After hearing both the sides, this Court finds that the petitioner is also entitled to have similar relief.

4. Coming to the extent of amount to be satisfied as compounding fee, the Rules specifically stipulate that any offence under the Rules can be compounded subject to the satisfaction of the maximum fine prescribed under the Rules, which is stated as Rs.5,000/-. But in respect of the transportation of sand/earth without any valid pass/sanction, it is stated as an offence under the 'Act' itself by virtue of the incorporation of Section 4(1A), for which separate penalty is provided under the Act itself. The maximum fine in respect of such offence prescribed under the Act is stated as **Rs. 25,000/-**. It was in the said circumstance, that this Court has passed orders enabling the parties to have interim custody of the vehicle, on satisfaction of a sum of Rs.25,000/-, also directing the concerned respondent to consider the application for compounding, if any.

5. In view of the willingness expressed from the part of the petitioner to have the offence compounded, conceding the guilt, this Court finds it fit and proper to direct the respondent to compound the offence, if the petitioner satisfies a sum of **Rs. 25,000/-** in respect of each vehicle. It is ordered accordingly. On satisfaction of the compounding fee, the vehicles shall be released to the petitioner forthwith. It is made clear that once the offence alleged against the petitioner is compounded, no prosecution proceedings shall be pursued against him.

The writ petition is disposed of accordingly. The petitioner shall produce a copy of this judgment along with a copy of this writ petition before the respondent for further steps.

Sd/-

P.R.RAMACHANDRA MENON, JUDGE

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