

NAFR

HIGH COURT OF CHHATTISGARH, BILASPUR

WPS No. 3391 of 2015

- Y. K. Patel S/o Shri C.L. Patel, Aged About 55 Years C.E.O. Janapad Panchayat, Narharpur, District Kanker Chhattisgarh R/o R E S Colony, Civil Lines, Narharpur, District Kanker, Chhattisgarh

---- Petitioner

Versus

1. State Of Chhattisgarh Through The Secretary, S.C. And S.T. Development Department, Mantralaya At Mahanadi Bhawan, Naya Raipur Chhattisgarh Pin 492002
2. Commissioner, S.C. And S.T. Development, Indravati Bhawan, Naya Raipur Chhattisgarh Pin Code-492002
3. Deputy Secretary, S.C. And S.T. Development Department, Mantralaya, At Mahanadi Bhawan, Naya Raipur Chhattisgarh Pin Code- 492002
4. Collector, District Kanker Chhattisgarh

---- Respondents

For Petitioner	Shri Rakesh Anthony, Advocate
For Respondent/State	Shri P.K. Bhaduri, GA

Hon'ble Shri Justice Prashant Kumar Mishra

Order On Board By

17/09/2015

1. The petitioner has assailed the said part of the impugned order whereby, while revoking his suspension and reinstating him, he has been posted at a place different than the one where he was posted at the time of passing the order of suspension.

2. The petitioner, who is working as CEO, Janpad Panchayat, Narharpur, District Kanker, was suspended on 22.07.2015. At that time his headquarter during suspension period was fixed at the Office of the Commissioner, SC and ST Development, Chhattisgarh, Indravati Bhawan, Naya Raipur.
3. The respondent authorities by the impugned order dated 09.09.2015 have revoked the order of suspension, however, the petitioner has now been posted at the Office of the Commissioner, SC and ST Development, Chhattisgarh, Indravati Bhawan, Naya Raipur.
4. Learned counsel for the petitioner would submit that when an employee is suspended from a particular place of posting he retains the lien on the said post, therefore, on revocation of order of suspension the employee is required to be posted at the same place.
5. Learned counsel for the State would submit that even if the lien is maintained at the same place, the competent authority is entitled to transfer and post the petitioner at any other place, depending upon the administrative exigency, therefore, there is no illegality.
6. The issue fallen for consideration has been decided by the Division Bench of the High Court of Madhya Pradesh in **Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan and others v. Dr. R.K. Shahstri and another**¹, wherein the following has been held :

10. The order dated 6/8-7-2002 is not passed by the authority who passed the order of suspension, but by the Appellate

1 2005 (4) MPHT 352 (DB)

Authority in exercise of appellate power, while dealing with an appeal filed by the employee. While exercising the appellate power under Rule 23 read with Rule 27 (1), the Appellate Authority can either confirm the suspension or revoke the suspension. Therefore the second respondent while passing the order dated 6/8-72002, could not have transferred the employee or make the revocation of suspension subject to the employee reporting at the place of transfer. The order of the Appellate Authority to the extent it subjects the revocation of suspension conditional to reporting to duty at K.V., Karimganj is therefore illegal and inoperative.

It is well settled that when an employee is kept under suspension pending enquiry, he retains his lien over the post from which he is suspended. It is also a settled position that the station of posting immediately before suspension would be the headquarter vis-a-vis the suspended employee, unless the Competent Authority changes the headquarter of the suspended employee in public interest. It is also well settled that any vacancy caused on account of suspension pending enquiry, is to be filled by a reservist and where a reservist is not available by officiating appointment. Therefore on revocation of suspension, the employee becomes entitled to report back to his place of posting from where he was suspended. Once he reports back to duty, the employer may, in exercise of power of transfer, transfer him. Therefore, we agree with the finding of the Tribunal that the order of the Appellate Authority dated 6/8-7-2002 to the extent it posts the first respondent to Karimganj and makes the revocation of suspension effective from the date of reporting at K.V., Karimganj, is invalid and liable to be quashed.

Emphasis supplied

7. In the case at hand, on the date of suspension the petitioner was posted as CEO, Janpad Panchayat, Narharpur, District Kanker, however, while revoking the suspension order he has been assigned the new place of posting, which is other than the place of original posting.
8. In view of the observation made by the Division Bench of the High Court of Madhya Pradesh in **Dr. R.K. Shahstri** (supra), such recourse is not available to the authority who has revoked the suspension.

9. Accordingly, such part of the impugned order whereby the petitioner has been posted at the Office of the Commissioner, SC and ST Development, Chhattisgarh, Indravati Bhawan, Naya Raipur, is quashed. However, the respondents would be at liberty to pass fresh order with regard to petitioner's posting depending upon the administrative exigency.

10. As a sequel, the writ petition is allowed to the extent indicated above.

No order as to costs.

Sd/-
Judge
Prashant Kumar Mishra

Nirala